

# Postoperative Instructions for Patients Undergoing SGAP Breast Reconstruction Surgery

## 1. Getting home and postoperative supervision.

You will be discharged from hospital four or five days following surgery. Please arrange for a responsible adult to drive you home and stay with you for (at least) the first 24 hours.

## 2. Sleeping position.

For three days after surgery sleep on your back elevated with 2 pillows.

## 3. Diet.

Try to eat your normal diet.

## 4. Medications, herbal supplements, vitamins, and alcohol.

Regular Medications. You may resume your regular medications unless Dr. Boyd directs otherwise. However, avoid aspirin and aspirin-containing products for two weeks before and after surgery. Remember, many herbal supplements adversely affect the clotting process and actively cause bruising and bleeding. These should be stopped two weeks before surgery and may be resumed two weeks afterwards. Dr. Boyd does not recommend taking mega doses of vitamins more than the normal daily requirement (which is adequately met by a normal balanced diet). Please discontinue this form of medication for two weeks before and after surgery unless you are being treated for a specific deficiency. One multivitamin tablet per day is permissible, however.

Discharge Medications. Fill your prescriptions and take your post-operative medications as directed. If you should become nauseated or develop a rash, call the office

Pain Medications. Most strong pain medications are derived from morphine and are called opioids. They can induce varying degrees of nausea and vomiting in different individuals. If this is the case with you, try reducing the dose and taking the medication with meals. If the nausea persists you should take the anti-nausea medication as directed. If you remain nauseated, contact Dr. Boyd who will switch you to an alternate pain killer; but remember, any opioid can potentially make you sick. Persistent nausea may necessitate discontinuing opiates altogether and taking Tylenol or Ibuprofen instead. In any case, it is advisable to stop taking opioids as soon as possible to eliminate the associated drowsiness, hasten your recovery, and reduce the risk of dependence.

Stool Softener. Opioids can cause another troublesome side-effect: constipation. Avoid this by taking Colace 100mg twice daily or a stool softener of your own choice.

Antinausea medications. Dr. Boyd usually prescribes a medication that dissolves under your tongue. You may take this three times daily. Please note that this medication also causes constipation!

Antibiotics. Take postoperative antibiotics if directed. If you develop an itchy rash call Dr. Boyd's office.

Alcohol. Avoid alcohol until post-operative medications are finished.

## 5. Dressings.

Wear a non-underwire bra at all times. The bra supports the incisions, helps keep the dressing in place and prevents traction on the microvascular anastomoses (junctions between the tiny vessels supplying the new breast). Remove your bra and outer dressings to shower but leave any Steri-Strips in place. Once the drain is removed from the buttock area, you should wear a supportive panty-girdle not only for comfort, but also to minimize fluid accumulation and swelling.

## 6. Wound care, shampooing, showering.

Showering may be difficult if you have multiple drains: however, the drain evacuators may be clipped to a plastic belt around your waist to prevent them being pulled out. You may find it convenient sit on a plastic lawn chair. Put some Vaseline around the skin where the drainage tubes leave the body in order to create a seal. Shower daily and wash over the incisions with a soft sponge and soapy water. Rinse and dry. Reapply an absorbent pad over the incisions and hold it in place with some paper tape.

## 7. Activity (including driving).

After returning home, get out of bed and walk around the house. Do this several times a day increasing the activity as tolerated. After two weeks, you may walk longer distances, but avoid strenuous exercise for six weeks. Avoid stressing the buttock wound for two months. You may drive one week after your surgery IF you feel up to it and as long as you are NOT taking pain medication. You can return to the gym or the pool in six weeks if your drains have been removed, unless Dr. Boyd instructs you otherwise. It is extremely important to limit the use of your arms for two weeks after surgery. Do not raise them above your shoulders until you are told to do so. Do not lift anything heavy, including children. Avoid household chores such as vacuuming until cleared for this type of activity.

## 8. Things to avoid. (See 2 and 5 also)

It is vital that you do not smoke after surgery to avoid respiratory and wound healing complications. Smoking can cause healed wounds to break down even after they have healed and may result in serious tissue loss and failure of the operation.

**9. Bruising, swelling and color changes.**

Your breasts and buttock will have some initial swelling, which will subside over a few weeks. Unusual, severe pain accompanied by noticeable swelling, bleeding, fever or rash should be called to the attention of Dr. Boyd. It is common to experience some numbness in the buttock region and breasts for several weeks or months. Sharpness, burning sensations and pains just below the armpit are common during healing. You may also experience mild bruising. This should disappear in ten days to two weeks. However a sudden color change (white purple or blue) in the exposed portion of the SGAP flap - particularly if swollen or cool to the touch - is a sign of impending flap loss. If this occurs, get in touch with Dr. Boyd immediately.

It will take several weeks for the tissues to settle before you can see the final result. If you have unusual or severe pain or swelling, excessive bleeding from the dressing or any other concerns, contact Dr. Boyd.

Someone in the office will call you the day after surgery to check on your condition and answer any questions you may have. You can reach Dr. Boyd or a staff member around the clock by calling (310) 295-2287. These instructions are not intended to cover every problem that could arise. Good judgment on your part is essential for a good result.